REMARKS

Examination of the application is requested. No additional fees are seen to be required. If any additional fees are due, however, the Commissioner is authorized to charge Deposit Account No. 50-1482, in the name of Carlson, Gaskey & Olds, P.C., for any additional fees or credit the account for any overpayment.

Respectfully Submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF MAIL

Dated: June 5, 2006

I hereby certify that the enclosed preliminary amendment is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as Express Mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to Mail Stop-PCT, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, on June 5, 2006.

Amy M. Spaulding

60130-2686 PUS1

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Applicant:

Fournier

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Unknown

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Title:

FIXING SUPPORT FOR VEHICLE OPENING FRAME ACTUATING

DEVICE

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION TRANSMITTAL

Mail Stop - PCT Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Dated: June 5, 2006

The attached substitute specification includes no new matter. Accordingly a marked-up copy of the substitute specification showing the matter being added to and the matter being deleted from the specification of record has been submitted.

Respectfully Submitted,

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Amy M. Spaulding

Express Mail No. EV333687568US

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60130-2686 PUS1

FIXING SUPPORT FOR VEHICLE OPENING FRAME ACTUATING DEVICE

REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[1] The application claims priority to PCT Patent Application No. PCT/FR04/03065 filed on November 30, 2004, which claims priority to French Patent Application No. FR 03 14 303 filed on December 5, 2003.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[2] This invention relates generally to a fixing support assembly, making that makes it possible in particular to fix a window or a door actuating device in a vehicle opening frame. An opening The actuating device is designed to ensure the opening and closing of athe window or the opening frame in a vehicle, such as a sunroof, a door or quarter window, or an electric sliding door, for example.

The term "window regulator" will be used hereafter to denote a window opening actuating device, whether for a door-or, a quarter window-or for, a roof light, or-for an opening frame, such as a door or a sunroof.

A window regulator in a door is described for example in document US 6 141 910. Such a The window regulator comprises includes a motor driving a drum by means of a gear. The drum drives the movement of a cable that actuates the movement of a window along a rail.

For reasons of ease of handling and for protection of the window regulator, the gear and the drum are generally arranged in a module. The module containing the drum and the gear can also include the motor and an electronic unit, or have include openings for modular assembly with such components. Such a module is illustrated in document US 6 141 910. The module is closed by three screws arranged around the panels of the module surrounding the drum of the window regulator. These The three screws make it possible to ensure satisfactory closing around the entire periphery of the module.

AThe window regulator is designed to be arranged in a vehicle opening frame, for example in a car door—or, in thea roof zone of a vehicle, or in a body component, such as a vehicle's rear quarter panel. The following description, which relates to a vehicle door, can be transposed to the case of employed with any opening frame or to the case of any rear quarter panel.

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Two zones are defined in a vehicle door, that are separated by a supporting panel.

These The zones are a so-called wet zone, located towards the an outside of the vehicle, that is delimited by the body and the supporting panel, and a dry zone, located towards the an inside of the vehicle, that is delimited by the a door lining and said the supporting panel.

A vehicle door <u>contains_includes_numerous</u> electronic and mechanical components, including a window regulator device, a lock, <u>and</u> audio equipment, etc. These components are arranged in the door and are generally fixed to the supporting panel either on <u>the-a_dry</u> zone side, (in particular for the electronic components,) or on <u>the-a_wet zone side</u>, (for example, the guide rails and the window actuation cable).

[9] In the case of a For the window regulator device, it is preferable in certain cases for the drive motor and the electronic unit to be arranged in the dry zone-whilst, while the drum and the drive cable of the window are arranged in the wet zone of the door. This arrangement of the window regulator device is in particular described in patent US 6 427 386.

It is then necessary to provide two parts to the window regulator device, namely 1) the drum, the cable with the rails and the window to be arranged in the wet zone and 2) the motor to be arranged in the dry zone, the. The motor nevertheless havinghas to drive the drum of the window regulator.

[11] This constraint on the arrangement of the components of the window regulator complicates the mounting of the window regulator actuating device in the door.

[12] The invention proposes a fixing support assembly, making that makes it possible in particular to simplify the mounting of a window regulator or a door actuating device in a vehicle opening frame.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[13] The invention proposes a fixing support assembly comprising:including a supporting element comprisinghaving a first part and a second part, which are essentially planar and parallel, at. At least one of the first part and the or second parts comprising part includes at least one retaining member. The fixing assembly also includes a fixing element comprising a nut equipped with a stop.

[14] According to one characteristic, at least one of the first <u>part and the or</u> second <u>partspart</u> of the supporting element <u>comprises includes</u> at least one fixing clip. According to one

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characteristic, one of the first <u>part and theor</u> second <u>partspart</u> of the supporting element <u>eomprisesincludes</u> a housing designed to receive the fixing element. According to one embodiment, the stop of the fixing element is designed to remain captive in <u>saidthe</u> housing. According to one characteristic, the supporting element <u>hasincludes</u> an opening <u>passingthat passes</u> through <u>it, the supporting element</u>, and which is situated essentially in <u>the centre thereofa</u> <u>center of the supporting element</u>. According to one characteristic, the supporting element is made of <u>moulded molded</u> plastic.

The invention also relates to a vehicle opening frame eomprising:including a dry zone; a wet zone separated from the dry zone by a supporting panel; and a fixing support assembly according to the invention that is; fixed to the supporting panel, the. The first part of the supporting element being arranged in the wet zone, and the second part of the supporting element being arranged in the dry zone.

According to one applicationcharacteristic, the opening frame emprises includes a window regulator or a door actuating motor fixed to the second part of the supporting element. According to one embodiment, the motor is retained by at least one retaining member arranged on the second part of the supporting element. According to one embodiment, the motor is fixed to the supporting panel by means of a single screw cooperating with the fixing element. According to one embodiment, the motor comprises includes a casing comprising having a bore designed to receive the screw and a part of the fixing element. According to one embodiment, the bore has includes a first section having a first diameter and a second section having a second diameter greater than saidthe first diameter, said. The second section of the bore being is designed to receive at least one part of the nut of the fixing element. According to one embodiment, the bore also has an alignment section adjacent to the second section.

The invention also relates to a method for mounting a window regulator or a frame actuating motor of a window regulator on a supporting panel of a vehicle opening frame, said. The panel separatingseparates a dry zone from a wet zone, and the method comprising steps consisting includes the step of: fixing a fixing support assembly according to the invention to the supporting panel, the. A first part of the supporting element being arranged in the wet zone, and the a second part of the supporting element being arranged in the dry zone; The method further includes the steps of holding the motor on the second part of the supporting element of saidthe fixing support assembly; adjusting the position of the motor rotatably about a drive axis;

<u>and</u> fixing the motor to <u>saidthe</u> supporting panel in a rotation stop position about <u>saidthe</u> drive axis by <u>means of</u> the fixing element of <u>saidthe</u> fixing support assembly.

[18] According to one characteristic, the <u>stagestep</u> of fixing the motor to the supporting panel is carried out by <u>means of a screw designed</u> to draw the nut of the fixing element into a bore provided in a casing of the motor.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- [19] Other characteristics and advantages of the invention will become apparent on reading the following detailed description of the embodiments of the invention, given as an example only and with reference to the drawings, which show:
- [20] Figure 1, shows a diagram of a window regulator actuating device with a fixing support assembly according to the invention;
- [21] Figure 2a, shows a diagrammatic view of the assembly in Figure 1, in a mounted position;
- [22] Figure 2b, shows a diagrammatic view of the fixing element of the assembly in Figure 1, in an immobilization position;
- [23] Figure 3, shows a diagram of a supporting panel comprising including the fixing support assembly according to the invention; and
- [24] Figure 4, shows a diagram of a window regulator actuating motor fixed with the fixing support assembly according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

According to the invention, a fixing support assembly <u>comprises includes</u> a supporting element and a fixing element. The supporting element <u>comprises includes</u> a first part and a second part, which are essentially planar and parallel. At least one of the <u>parts first part and the second part</u> of <u>this the</u> supporting element <u>comprises includes</u> at least one retaining member, designed to retain a component <u>that is</u> to be fixed, for example a window regulator or <u>a</u> door actuating device. The fixing element <u>comprises includes</u> a nut equipped with a stop, designed to ensure the fixing of the <u>support supporting element</u> and of the component to be fixed to a panel, for example in a vehicle door.

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Figure 1 is a diagram of a fixing support assembly 8 according to the invention. Such an The fixing support assembly comprises 8 includes a supporting element comprising having a first part 10 and, a second part 20, and a fixing element 30.

Parts The first part 10 and the second part 20 of the supporting element are essentially planar and parallel. The supporting element is designed to be fixed to a panel with a hole through it, with the first part 10 on one side of the panel and the second part 20 on the opposite side of this the panel.

[28] The supporting element can be made of moulded molded or machined plastic. The two parts first part 10 and the second part 20 of the supporting element can be made in a single element.

One of the parts The first part 10 of the supporting element (the first part 10 in Figure 1) can comprise include fixing clips 12, making it possible to fix the supporting element to athe panel. The supporting element can however be fixed to the panel by any other suitable means ways, such as screwing or gluing, or a combination of these means ways.

One of the parts The second part 20 of the supporting element (the second part 20 in Figure 1) comprises includes at least one retaining member, for example two hooks 21, and 21', designed to retain a the component to be fixed. The retaining member can take any other suitable form, for example an arc-shaped groove.

According to one embodiment, the clips 12 and the hooks 21 and 21' can both be arranged on one of the firstthe same part 10 and the second parter 20 of the supporting element.

The supporting element can also have include an opening 15 passing that passes through it, the supporting element, and which is situated essentially in the centrea center of the supporting element. This The opening 15 makes it possible to operationally connect athe component, (such as a window regulator motor, for example,) fixed set to the second part 20 of the supporting element, to a component arranged on the other side of the panel to which the supporting element is fixed, (for example, a cable drive drum). A drive axis 70 can be defined as the an axis perpendicular to the a plane of the supporting element passing that passes essentially through the centrecenter of the opening 15 in saidthe supporting element.

[33] The <u>fixing</u> support assembly <u>8</u> according to the invention also <u>comprises includes</u> a fixing element 30 <u>comprising having</u> a nut 31 equipped with a stop 32. <u>This The</u> fixing element 30 is

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designed to ensure the fixing of athe component, (such as a motor casing 50,) to the second part 20 of the supporting element.

One of the <u>first partparts</u> 10, and the second part 20 of the supporting element can have include a housing 11 designed to receive the fixing element 30. In Figure 1, the first part 10 includes the housing 11 is provided in the first part 10, but it would be equivalent to provide it the housing 11 in the second part 20 of the supporting element.

According to one embodiment, the stop 32 of the fixing element 30 can remain captive in thisthe housing 11. The housing 11 however hasincludes a screw hole 23 passing through it openingthe housing 11 that opens onto thea surface of the othersecond part 20 of the supporting element, in order to allow the nut 31 of the fixing element 30 to open on the side of this otherthe second part 20 (i.e. the second part in Figure 1). It is understood that such a The screw hole 23 is provided in the supporting element according to the invention even in the absence of a the housing 11 for the fixing element 30. Preferably, the screw hole 23 passes through the first part 10 and the second 20 partspart.

By retaining the stop 32 in <u>athe</u> housing 11 of <u>athe first</u> part 10 of the supporting element, it is possible to retain the fixing element 30 integral with the supporting element, and <u>to preposition</u> position the nut 31 for more rapid fixing of <u>a-the</u> component to the supporting element.

Figures 2a and 2b diagrammatically illustrate the fixing of a component; (for example, a motor gear casing 50;) to the supporting element according to the invention by means of the fixing element 30 according to the invention. In Figure 2a, the gear casing 50 is in thea fixing position. The nut 31 and the stop 32 of the fixing element 30 are in the housing 11 of the first part 10 of the supporting element. In Figure 2b, the gear casing 50 is in thean immobilization position. The nut 31 has been drawn; by a screw 40; into a boresection 52 of a bore 80 provided in the gear casing 50 whilst, while the stop 32 has remained captive in the housing 11.

The component gear casing 50 to be fixed by-means of the fixing support assembly 8 according to the invention can advantageously be provided with a particular the bore 80 including sections 51, 52, and 53, making it possible to facilitate the alignment of the element to be fixed with the fixing nut 31. The particular bore 80 provided in the component gear casing 50 to be fixed comprises includes a first section 51 having a first diameter d₁ and a second section 52 having a second diameter d₂ greater than saidthe first diameter d₁. This The second section 52 of

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the bore <u>80</u> is designed to receive at least one part of the nut 31 of the fixing element 30. The bore 80 can comprise include a widened alignment section 53 adjacent to the second section 52.

[39] The first section 51 of the bore <u>80</u> allows for the insertion of <u>athe</u> screw 40 that reaches the nut 31. Under the effect of screwing, the screw 40 draws the nut 31 into the second section 52 of the bore <u>80</u> until the stop 32 is placed against the screw hole 23.

[40] The fixing support assembly 8 according to the invention can be used particularly advantageously for mounting a window regulator in a vehicle door.

[41] Figure 3 diagrammatically illustrates a supporting panel 100 forming a separation between a dry zone A and a wet zone B in a vehicle door or a body part, such as a rear quarter panel.

The supporting panel 100 has includes an opening 15' passing through it the supporting panel 100, making it possible to slide the supporting element according to the invention in order to place a first part 10 in the wet zone B and a second part 20 in the dry zone A.

The opening 15' has dimensions greater than the opening 15 of the supporting element. However, the dimensions of thisthe opening 15' can be minimized-in order to limit the problems of sealing between the two zonesdry zone A and the wet zone B separated by the supporting panel 100.

A motor 60, shown in Figure 4, can then be fixed to the second part 20 of the supporting element on the side of the dry zone A. The motor 60 can be simply retained by the retaining member(s) 21 of the second part 20 in a partially fixed state. The motor 60 can then be fixed by means of a single screw 40 cooperating that cooperates with the fixing element 30.

In the embodiment illustrated, the retaining members are two hooks 21, and 21'. The screw hole 23 designed to allow the cooperation of the screw 40 with the fixing element 30 can then be provided essentially equidistant from the two hooks 21, and 21'. The motor 60 is thus fixed at three points against the supporting element according to the invention. Such a The fixing fully secures the motor 60 on the supporting panel 100 whilst, while allowing easy access for dismantling if necessary, the. The screw 40 also being is situated on the side of the dry zone A of the supporting panel 100.

The motor 60 has includes a gear casing 50 with which a worm 55 engages. The gear casing 50 can be machined in order to have a bore 80 including sections 51, 52, and 53 as described with reference to Figures 2a and 2b. The gear casing 50 can also be machined, for

example with flat sections, so as to cooperate with the shape of the retaining membershooks 21 and 21' provided on the second part 20 of the supporting element.

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When the <u>gear</u> casing 50 is placed on the second part 20 of the supporting element and retained by the hooks 21_{5} and 21', the <u>centringcentering</u> does not have to be perfect. The <u>gear</u> casing 50 can be turned about <u>thea drive</u> axis 70 so as to position <u>thea</u> widened <u>partsection</u> 53 of the bore <u>80 opposite</u> the screw hole 23 of the supporting element.

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AThe screw 40 is then introduced into thea first section 51 of the bore and when 80. When the nut 31 has been drawn into thea second section 52 of the bore 80, the motor 60 can no longer rotate freely about the drive axis 70. The screw 40 and the nut 31 are then tightened in order to place the stop 32 against the supporting element and in order to remove any degree of freedom from the gear casing 50 of the motor 60.

[49]

The location of the boresections 51, 52, and 53 of the bore 80 on the motor gear casing 50 also allows for the satisfactory positioning of the an axis of the motor 60 relative to the drive axis 70. This The drive axis 70 coincides with the a drive axis of a drum also designed to also be fixed to the element, in the wet zone B. The An axle spread between the drive axis 70 of the drum 70 and the axis of the worm 55 of the motor 60 can therefore be well controlled. Preferably, the bore 80 of the gear casing 50 is provided in proximity proximate to the worm 55 of the motor 60.

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Moreover, the nut 31 allows for the reaction torque of the motor 60 in operation to be withstood. A window regulator motor applies approximately 3m/N of reaction to the element to which it is fixed. With time, this reaction torque can cause play in the attachment of saidthe supporting element. Within the scope of this invention, this reaction torque is absorbed by the screw 40 and the nut 31, and the screw threads of which are such that the reaction torque contributes to the tightening of the fixing. The stop 32 is therefore held in the immobilization position (Figure 2b) during the operation of the motor 60.

[51]

Of course, this invention is not limited to the embodiments described as an example; thus. Thus, the shapes of the fixing supporting element and its location can vary depending on the components to be fixed and their arrangement in the dry zone and the wet zones zone of a vehicle door or rear quarter panel.

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In particular, the invention has been described with a fixing element situated in the wet zone and screwing from the dry zone, but the reverse can also be implemented without exceeding

the scope of the invention. In general, the terms first and second parts in the description can be reversed without exceeding the scope of the invention.

The foregoing description is only exemplary of the principles of the invention. Many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teachings. It is, therefore, to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than using the example embodiments which have been specifically described. For that reason the following claims should be studied to determine the true scope and content of this invention.